

Rockcliffe First School Progression Plan for Art by Year Group



Covering:

- Generating Ideas
- Making
- Evaluation
- Knowledge & Understanding
- Assessment questions



Nursery



Nursery – Expressive art and design

By the end of Nursery
Children should be able
to...

Generating Ideas

Teachers should:

Provide opportunities to work together to develop and realise creative ideas. Provide children with a range of materials for children to construct with. Encourage them to think about and discuss what they want to make. Discuss problems and how they might be solved as they arise. Reflect with children on how they have achieved their aims. Teach children different techniques for joining materials, such as how to use adhesive tape and different sorts of glue. Provide a range of materials and tools and teach children to use them with care and precision. Promote independence, taking care not to introduce too many new things at once.

Creating With Materials

Make marks with a wide range of tools and grips. Draw a self portrait each term, with increasing detail. Freely explores a variety of construction equipment. Join materials for a purpose using glue and tape. Use mark making tools to make a range of enclosed shapes.

Join materials in a range of ways to make things for a purpose.

Use mark making tools with control to add detail to shapes.

Enclose a space with construction equipment. Builds purposefully and can explain the parts of their model.

Use non traditional items to paint and create – socks, buckets, natural materials, paint bombs
Use mark making tools to make very simple representational drawings.

Build purposefully and use a variety of levels in their construction.

Being Imaginative and Expressive

Use props, similar to those they represent, appropriately during role play with simple dialogue.

Use small world props in simple stories with some narration.

Copies simple movements in a dance.

Generate simple stories inspired by props.

Create original stories with small world figures, including dialogue

Accurately match instrumental sounds to familiar percussion instruments.

Know by heart most of the words of simple repetitive songs and melodic nursery rhymes.

Perform dance moves to represent feelings or actions. Use a wider range of objects as props in spontaneous story telling.

Dances freely to music.

Speak in role in simple story telling.

Accurately match environmental sounds to pictures.

Perform dance moves to represent feelings or actions.

Play instruments along to a familiar story or song.

Play an instrument loud or quietly.

Use two colours to make a new colour.

Use colour to express a feeling.

Creating with Materials:

- Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.
- Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.
- Join different materials and explore different textures
- Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.
- Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details.

Being Imaginative & Expressive:

- Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.
- Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc.

Reception



Reception – Expressive art and design

Early Learning Goal

By the end of Reception

Children should be able to...

Teachers should:

Provide opportunities to work together to develop and realise creative ideas. Provide children with a range of materials for children to construct with. Encourage them to think about and discuss what they want to make. Discuss problems and how they might be solved as they arise. Reflect with children on how they have achieved their aims. Teach children different techniques for joining materials, such as how to use adhesive tape and different sorts of glue. Provide a range of materials and tools and teach children to use them with care and precision. Promote independence, taking care not to introduce too many new things at once.

Creating With Materials

Use recycled materials to build and create with purpose Use natural materials to create a picture – transient art on variety of surfaces including the lightbox.

Draw a self portrait each term, with increasing detail Create new colours by mixing autumn colours, predicting and narrating effects – using hands and brushes to mix colours Notice patterns in the environment and talk about them Create different colours by layering & overlapping translucent materials in make and create area.

Twist, wrap and weave narrating choices about colour and texture

Begin to draw familiar landmarks from memory – thinking about walk to school or beach & features of local environment Make considered choices to create mixed media collage or model – to planned effect – talk through work Draw single or sequence of images from imagination to illustrate a story – linked to talk for writing stories. Make observational drawings and paintings of natural / living objects indoors and outside – flowers in the school garden . Know how to use range of adhesives, glue, tape, staples, safely/accurately and choose appropriately.

Create, describe, explain transient 2D & 3D designs/sculpture on beach

Shape & mould wet sand & clay with hand tools, to create particular effect – in class, outside and on the beach Look at artisits Queenie Mackenzie, Alma Woodsey Thomas, Nina Brooke and local artist Laura Lawson – talk about their work and take inspiration

Being Imaginative and Expressive

Enact domestic routines & brief family narratives using props in the Role Play area

Clap and stamp in time to music

Dance to a range of music

Engage in small world play and act out stories with simple oral & enacted narratives with role play props or small world Copy, memorise and perform songs including action songs and local, traditional songs. Participate in call and response songs. Perform for classmates

Dance with ribbons / fabric

Speak and act out in role

Make up short dances to well known music, begin to work in pairs.

Move rhythmically on the spot and travelling use hands/feet to mark beat

Mark the beat and imitate rhythms with tapping and striking movements

Echo short rhythmic phrases clapping and with untuned percussion / Discuss pitch contrasts in tuned percussion.

Make up short choreographed dances

Use dance/movement to tell a story

Use drawing to plan a model

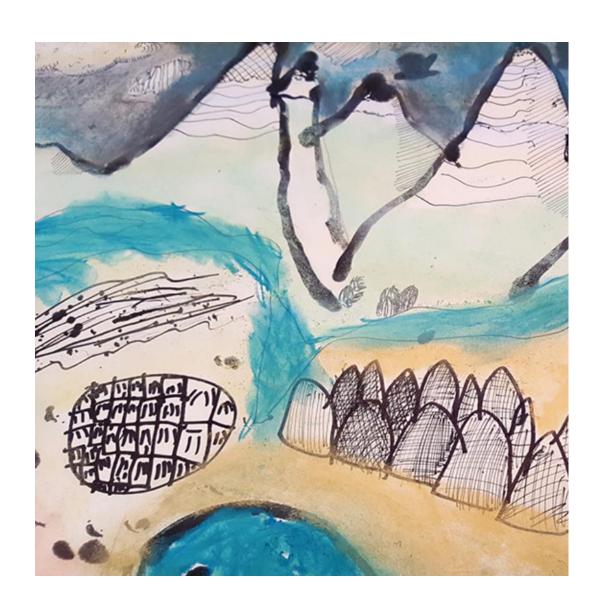
Imitate more complex rhythms with body percussion and use body percussion and instruments as sound effects for story

Creating with Materials

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.
- Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

Being Imaginative & Expressive

- Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher.
- Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.
- Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music



Year 1



By the end of Year 1 **Year 1 – Generating Ideas** Children should be able to... **Generating Ideas Through Sketchbooks** By Looking & Talking **By Playing** Recognise that ideas can be generated through doing as well **Teachers should:** Discuss a "sketchbook" as being a Generate ideas through playful, Enjoy looking at artwork made by artists, as thinking craftspeople, architects and designers, hands-on, exploration of materials place to record individual response Feel able to to the world. and finding elements which inspire. without being constricted towards a pre-defined outcome. Recognise that ideas can be Understand some of the activities Be given time and space to engage with Polystyrene block relief printing. sketchbook expressed through art which might take place in a the physical world to stimulate a creative Children research the block printing sketchbook (e.g. drawing, response (visiting, seeing, holding, technique and create their own pupils (i.e. cutting/sticking, collecting). block prints by drawing their WM hearing). **Experiment with an open mind** Children draw designs using artsist patterns onto polystyrene using sketchbook) Develop a "sketchbook habit". images and viewfinders. They use a series pencil and black ballpoint pens. They of lines with a range of thickness. They experiment with different collect visual information and use it to Begin to feel a sense of ownership Let pupils techniques (pen and paint... about the sketchbook. design own pattern. They use coloured discover and Children answer questions in their pencils to colour their designs and add *share* for sketchbooks and express an opinion tones using a layering technique. on the work giving reasons. Develop questions to ask when looking at artworks and /or stimulus: Describe what you can see. Describe what you like? Why? · How does it make you feel?

What would you like to ask the artist?



Year 1 – Making

By the end of Year 1 Children should be able to...

Making

Teachers should:

Balance time in which you sensitively model a technique, with plenty of time for pupils to enjoy openended exploration, and project-based learning

Have the confidence to celebrate places where pupils diverge from the task (as being signs that they are owning their learning)

Drawing Painting & Collage

Begin to explore a variety of drawing materials including pencil, graphite, pen, chalk, soft pastel, wax and charcoal.

Explore mark making to start to build mark-making vocabulary – What about Undertake projects which explore observational drawing (drawing what you see), to record what is seen, and also experimental drawing, to share what is felt.

Use a series of lines with a range of thickness. Collect

visual information and use it to

designs and add tones using a

design their own work. Use

coloured pencils to colour

layering technique.

Enjoy discovering the interplay between materials for example wax and watercolour

Recognise primary colours

approach to simple colour

Benefit from experiences

learnt through drawing (in

column 1) (mark-making,

experimental drawing) and

apply these skills to painting

observational drawing,

Draw upon previous

learning to mix colours

to create lines and add

colour to their designs.

(watercolours). Add white

to create tints and black to

create shades. Experiment

with different sized brushes

and collage:

and use an experiential

mixing to discover

secondary colours.

Printmaking

Explore simple printmaking. For example using plasticine, found materials or quick print foam. Search out found objects to be used as tools to press into plasticine to create texture and to understand notions of positive and negative. Use rollers or the backs of spoon to create pressure to make a print. Polystyrene block relief printing. Children research the block printing technique and create their own block prints by drawing their WM patterns onto polystyrene using pencil and black ballpoint pens. They experiment with different techniques (pen and paint.. Explore pattern, line,

shape and texture.

3D

Explore, discover and invent ways for 2d to transform into 3d sculpture. This might be through creating drawings or prints on paper which are then folded, through collage which becomes relief, through 2d shapes which are cut out and constructed with.

Explore modelling materials such as Modroc, clay and plasticine in an open-ended manner, to discover what they might do
Use basic tools to help deconstruct (scissors) and then construct (glue sticks).

Try out a range of materials & processes and Recognise they have different qualities

Explore materials in a playful and open-ended manner

Use materials purposefully to achieve particular characteristics or qualities

Be excited by the potential to create.

Understand that art is different to many subjects at school: through art, they can invent and discover



M			
Year 1 -	FV2	шат	ınσ
icai I	LVGI	MUL	1115

In Small Groups

By the end of Year 1 Children should be able to...

Evaluating

Teachers should:
Be aware of
importance of
sensitively
unearthing
intention, which
may not always
be apparent in
end result

Enjoy listening to other peoples views about artwork made by others.

As a Class

Feel able to express and share an opinion about the artwork.

Share work to others in small groups, and listen to what they think about what you have made.

One to One

Talk to a peer or teacher about the artwork made and share what you have enjoyed during the process, and what you like about the end result. Show interest in and describe what they think about the work of others

Take pleasure in the work they have created and see that it gives other people pleasure

Begin to take photographs and use digital media

Year 1 – Knowledge & Understanding

Knowledge & Understanding

Teachers should:
Recognise that in art
a more valuable and
relevant learning
experience comes
from underpinning
technical and formal
knowledge with an
experiential
understanding about
what it is to be a
creative human.

Each child should know:

Formal

- How to recognise and describe some simple characteristics of different kinds of art, craft and design
- The names of tools, techniques and formal elements

Experiential

Each child should be given the opportunity to:

- Discover that art is subjective (we all have our own legitimate understanding)
- Begin to feel confident to express a preference in....
- Understand ideas can come through hands-on exploration
- Begin to build knowledge of what different materials and techniques can offer the creative individual
- Work at different scales, alone and in groups



Assessment Questions

Teachers should consider assessment as a holistic practice, which takes place during every art lesson through conversation with pupils:

- Tell me about what you are making
- What might you do next?
- Tell me about what you have made

Remember! "Creativity is a fragile process that is hard to measure and assess and should always be nurtured and supported"



Year 2



Year 2 – Generating Ideas

By the end of Year 2 Children should be able to...

Generating Ideas

Teachers should:

Feel able to model sketchbook use alongside pupils (i.e. keep their own sketchbook)

Let pupils

discover and
share for
themselves

Through Sketchbooks

Develop a "sketchbook habit", using a sketchbook as a place to record individual response to the world.

Begin to feel a sense of ownership about the sketchbook.

Practice and develop sketchbook use, incorporating the following activities: drawing to discover, drawing to show you have seen, drawing to experiment, collecting, sticking, writing note...

By Looking & Talking

Enjoy looking at artwork made by artists, craftspeople, architects and designers, and finding elements which inspire.

Look at a variety of types of source material and understand the differences: including images on screen, images in books and websites, art work in galleries and objects in museums.

Be given time and space to engage with the physical world to stimulate a creative response (visiting, seeing, holding, hearing), including found and manmade objects.

Develop questions to ask when looking at artworks and /or stimulus:

- Describe what you can see.
- Describe what you like? Why?
- How does it make you feel?
- What would you like to ask the artist?

Through Making

Generate ideas through exploration of materials, building an understanding of what each material can do, how it can be constructed, being open during the process to unexpected ideas.

Recognise that ideas can be generated through doing as well as thinking

Recognise that ideas can be expressed through art

Experiment with an open mind

Enjoy trying out different activities and make both informed, and intuitive choices about what to do next, letting practical experience feed ideas

Use drawing to record and discover ideas and experiences



Year 2 Making

By the end of Year 2 Children should be able to...

Making

Teachers should:

Balance time in which you sensitively model a technique, with plenty of time for pupils to enjoy openended exploration, and projectbased learning

Have the confidence to celebrate places where pupils diverge from the task (as being signs that they are owning their learning)

Sketchbooks Make simple sketchbooks as a way to create ownership from offset Explore how to create space and places within the sketchbook to help develop sketchbook approach to include collecting, making drawings on different surfaces, and on different shapes of paper. Children answer questions in their sketchbooks and

Drawing

express an opinion on the work giving reasons. Continue to familiarize with sketchbook / drawing exercises. Let children describe how to undertake the ones they know as means of recap/reminder and introduce new ones.

Develop mark-making skills through experimentation with various drawing media: pencil, graphite, chalk, soft pastel, wax and charcoal. Explore a variety of drawing starting points (stimuli), including close looking via observation from primary & secondary source material, drawing from memory and imagination. These might include figurative, still life and landscape Use drawings as basis for collage

Painting

Continue to mix colours experientially (i.e. encourage pupils to "try and see")

Revisit colour mixing and understand relationships of primary and secondary colours and apply colour mixing skills to a project Explore painting on different surfaces, such as fabric and different scales Use new colour mixing knowledge and transfer it to other media,

Printmaking & Collage

Explore simple

mono printing techniques using carbon paper, using observational drawing skills and mark making skills explored through drawing (column 2), and colour mixing skills (column 3) e.g. **Explore modelling** materials such as clay and plasticine in an open-ended manner, to discover what they might do Use basic tools to help deconstruct (scissors) and then construct (glue sticks).

3D, Architecture & **Digital Media**

Explore how 2d can

become 3d though "design through making". Cut simple shapes from card and use them to construct architectural forms. Use drawn, collaged and printed elements as surface decoration Use digital media (film and still photos) to create records of models made, including walkthrough videos of the inside of the architectural spaces

Try out a range of materials & processes and Recognise they have different qualities

Use materials purposefully to achieve particular characteristics or qualities

Be excited by the potential to create.

Understand that art is different to many subjects at school: through art, they can invent and discover

Deliberately choose to use particular techniques for a given purpose

Develop and exercise some care and control over the range of materials they use

ockelis
20
st School
or Sex
Fvaluat

Year 2 - Evaluating

By the end of Year 2 Children should be able to...

Evaluating

Teachers should: Be aware of the importance of sensitively unearthing intention, which may not always be apparent in end

Enjoy listening to other peoples views about artwork made by others.

As a Class

Feel able to express and share an opinion about the artwork.

In Small Groups

Share work to others in small groups, and listen to what they think about what you have made. Take photos of work made so that a

record can be kept, to be added to a digital folder/presentation to capture progression. Use documenting the artwork as an opportunity for discussion about how to present work, and a chance for pupils to use digital

One to One

Talk to a peer or teacher about the artwork made and share what you have enjoyed during the process, and what you like about the end result.

Show interest in and describe what they think about the work of others Take pleasure in the work they have created and see that it gives other people pleasure

Understand how evaluating creative work during the process, as well as at the end, helps feed the process.

Begin to take photographs and use digital media as a way to re-see work When looking at creative work express clear preferences and give some reasons

Year 2 – Knowledge & Understanding

Knowledge & Understanding

Teachers should: Recognise that in art, a more valuable and relevant learning experience comes from underpinning technical and formal knowledge with an experiential understanding about what it is to be creative.

Each child should:

Formal

• Know how to Recognise and describe some simple characteristics of different kinds of art, craft and design

media.

- Know the names of tools, techniques and formal elements
- Know that different forms of creative works are made by artists, craftspeople, and designers from all cultures and times, for different purposes
- Be able to talk about the materials, techniques and processes they have used, using an appropriate vocabulary

Experiential

Each child should be given the opportunity to:

- Discover that art is subjective (we all have our own legitimate understanding)
- Begin to feel confident to express a preference in....
- Experience the connection between brain, hand and eye
- Understand ideas can come through hands-on exploration
- Begin to build knowledge of what different materials and techniques can offer the creative individual
- Work at different scales, alone and in groups



Assessment Questions

Teachers should consider assessment as a holistic practice, which takes place during every art lesson through conversation with pupils:

- Tell me about that you are making
- What might you do next?
- Which materials might you use?
- What have you discovered?
- Tell me about what you have made
- What would you like to explore more of?

Remember! "Creativity is a fragile process that is hard to measure and assess and should always be nurtured and supported"



Year 3



Year 3- Generating Ideas

By the end of Year 3 Children should be able to...

Generating Ideas

Teachers should:

Feel able to sketchbook use sketchbook)

Let pupils discover and

Enable pupils to build confidence in their own ideas

Continue to develop a "sketchbook
habit", using a sketchbook as a place
to record individual response to the

Through Sketchbooks

world.

Begin to feel a sense of ownership about the sketchbook, which means allowing every child to work at own pace, following own exploration

Practice and develop sketchbook use, incorporating the following activities: drawing to discover, drawing to show you have seen, drawing to experiment, exploring colour, exploring paint, testing ideas, collecting, sticking, writing notes, looking back, thinking forwards and around...

Enjoy looking at artwork made by artists, craftspeople, architects and designers.

By Looking & Talking

Discuss artist's intention and reflect upon your response.

Look at artforms beyond the visual arts: literature, drama, music, film etc and explore how they relate to your visual art form.

Look at a variety of types of source material and understand the differences.

Be given time and space to engage with the physical world to stimulate a creative response (visiting, seeing, holding, hearing), including found and manmade objects.

Develop questions to ask when looking at artworks and /or stimulus:

- Describe what you see
- What do you like/dislike? Why
- What is the artist saying to us in this artwork?
- How does it make you feel?
- How might it inspire you in making your own art?

Through Making Digital Media

Use digital media Use growing knowledge of to identify and how materials research artists. and medium act. craftspeople, to help develop architects and ideas. Continue designers. to generate ideas through space

for playful

Explore how

and develop

ideas translate

medium (i.e. a

or a drawing in

charcoal).

through different

drawing in pencil

making.

Gather and review information from different sources (primary and secondary), references and resources related to their ideas and intentions

Use a sketchbook for different purposes, including recording observations, planning and shaping ideas



Year 3 - Making

By the end of Year 3 Children should be able to...

Making

Teachers

Balance time in which you for pupils to enjoy open-

confidence to pupils diverge from the task

Drawing, Painting & Collage Drawing

Practice observational drawing from the figure, exploring careful looking, intention, seeing big shapes, drawing with gesture, and Using observational drawing as a starting point, fed by Continue to familiarize with sketchbook / drawing exercises. Let children describe how to undertake the ones they know as means of recap/reminder and introduce new ones,

quick sketching,

typography,

imagination, design

which are practiced

regularly.

Make larger scale drawing from observation and imagination, Apply and build upon colour mixing and mark-making skills previously learnt, thinking about how certain colour ranges/combinations affect the outcome, Explore painting on new surfaces using colour as decoration

3D

Make an armature from paper and tape and use as the basis to explore modelling to make sculpture, Explore a simple clay technique such as making slab pieces, and decorate them relief patterns based upon observational drawing skills **Explore how combinations** of materials such as wire, paper, fabric, string, card can be transformed into sculpture, discovering how best to manipulate them (cut, tear, bend, fold) and fasten them together (tie, bind, stick).

Digital & Animation

Building on mark-making and observational skills, make drawings of animals, people and vehicles Use scissors to dissect the and reconstruct them into drawings that move Use digital media to make animations from the drawings that move

Develop practical skills by experimenting with and testing the qualities of a range of materials and techniques

Select and use appropriately a variety of materials and techniques in order to create their own work.

Be excited by the potential to create and feel empowered to begin to undertake their own exploration



Year 3 - Evaluating

By the end of Year 3 Children should be able to...

Evaluating

Teachers should:

Be aware of the importance of sensitively unearthing intention, which may not always be apparent in end result

Ensure
evaluation
activities take
place
throughout
projects, rather
than just at the
end, so that
they benefit
and shape the
creative
process

As a Class

Enjoy listening to other peoples views about artwork made by others.

Feel able to express and share an opinion about the artwork.

Think about why the work was made, as well as how.

In Small Groups

Share work to others in small groups, and listen to what they think about what you have made.

Make suggestions about other people's work, using things you have seen or experienced yourself.

Take photos of work made so that a record can be kept, to be added to a digital folder/presentation to capture progression. Use documenting the artwork as an opportunity for discussion about how to present work, and a chance for pupils to use digital media.

One to One

Talk to a peer or teacher about the artwork made and share what you have enjoyed during the process, and what you like about the end result. Discuss problems which came up and how they were solved. Think about what you might try next time.

Take pleasure in the work they have created and see that it gives other people pleasure

Take the time to reflect upon what they like and dislike about their work in order to improve it

Understand how evaluating creative work *during* the process, as well as at the end, helps feed the process.

Take photographs and videos and use digital media as a way to re-see work



Year 3 – Knowledge & Understanding

By the end of Year 3 Children should be able to...

Knowledge & Understanding

Teachers should:

in art, a more valuable and experience underpinning technical and knowledge about what it is to be a creative

Formal Experiential

Each child should:

- Know the names of tools, techniques and formal elements
- Know that different forms of creative works are made by artists, craftspeople, and designers from all cultures and times, for different purposes. Be able to know and describe the work of some artists, craftspeople, architects and designers, including artists who are contemporary, female, and from various ethnicities
- Be able to talk about the materials, techniques and processes they have used, using an appropriate vocabulary
- Be able to demonstrate how to safely use some of the tools and techniques they have chose to work with

Each child should be given the opportunity to:

- Discover that art is subjective (we all have our own legitimate understanding)
- Experience the connection between brain, hand and eye
- Understand ideas can come through hands-on exploration
- Develop their knowledge of what different materials and techniques can offer the creative individual
- Work at different scales, alone and in groups
- Feel safe enough to take creative risks and follow their intuition (fed with skills knowledge)
- Share their journey and outcomes with others. Feel celebrated and feel able to celebrate others



Assessment Questions

Teachers should consider assessment as a holistic practice, which takes place during every art lesson through conversation with pupils:

- Tell me about that you are making and what inspired you
- What might you do next?
- Tell me about the materials and techniques you are using
- What have you discovered?
- How do you feel about the end result?
- What kinds of problems did you encounter and how did you get round them?
- Tell me about things you really liked or enjoyed
- What would you like to explore more of?

Remember! "Creativity is a fragile process that is hard to measure and assess and should always be nurtured and supported"



Year 4



Year 4 – Generating Ideas

By the end of Year 4 Children should be able to...

Generating Ideas

Teachers should:

Feel able to model sketchbook use alongside pupils (i.e. keep their own sketchbook)

Let pupils discover and share for themselves

Enable pupils to build confidence in their own ideas

Through Sketchbooks

Continue to develop a "sketchbook habit", using a sketchbook as a place to record individual response to the world.

Begin to feel a sense of ownership about the sketchbook, which means allowing every child to work at own pace, following own exploration

Practice and develop sketchbook use, incorporating the following activities: drawing to discover, drawing to show you have seen, drawing to experiment, exploring colour, exploring paint, testing ideas, collecting, sticking, writing notes, looking back, thinking forwards and around, reflecting, making links...

By Looking & Talking

Enjoy looking at artwork made by artists, craftspeople, architects and designers.

Discuss artist's intention and reflect upon your response.

Look at artforms beyond the visual arts: literature, drama, music, film etc and explore how they relate to your visual art form.

Look at a variety of types of source material and understand the differences.

Be given time and space to engage with the physical world to stimulate a creative response (visiting, seeing, holding, hearing), including found and manmade objects.

Develop questions to ask when looking at artworks and /or stimulus:

- Describe the artwork.
- What do you like/dislike? Why?
- Which other senses can you bring to this artwork?
- What is the artist saying to us in this artwork?
- How might it inspire you to make your own artwork?
- If you could take this art work home, where would you put it and why?

Take part in small scale crits throughout so that brainstorming becomes part of the creative process.

Through Digital Media Making

Use growing Use digital knowledge of media to how materials identify and and medium research act, to help artists, craftspeople, develop ideas. architects Continue to generate ideas and through space designers. for playful

Explore how ideas translate and develop through different medium (i.e. a drawing in pencil or a drawing in charcoal).

making.

Use sketchbooks and drawing to purposefully improve understanding, inform ideas and explore potential

Understand sketchbooks are places to explore personal creativity, and as such they should be experimental, imperfect, ask questions, demonstrate inquisitive exploration

Use sketchbooks, together with other resources, to understand how inspiration can come from many rich and personal sources to feed into creative projects



Year 4 - Making

By the end of Year 4 Children should be able to...

Making

Teachers should:

Balance time in which you sensitively model a technique, with plenty of time for pupils to enjoy openended exploration, and project-based learning

Have the confidence to celebrate places where pupils diverge from the task (as being signs that they are owning their learning)

Drawing & Printmaking

here.

Continue to familiarize with

sketchbook / drawing exercises.
Let children describe how to
undertake the ones they know as
means of recap/reminder and
introduce new ones, which are
practiced regularly.
Apply these skills to a variety of
media, exploring outcomes in an
open-ended manner throughout
the other projects described

Use growing technical skill and knowledge of different drawing materials, combined with increasing confidence in making a creative response to a wide range of stimuli, to explore more experimental drawing, following child's own interests/affinities.

Layering of media, mixing of drawing media,

Painting/Collage/Sketchb ooks

Create a one-off project sketchbook which can inform future sketchbook practice, consolidating old skills and introducing new skills (including: creating spaces and places in sketchbook to help creative thinking, exploring and revealing own creative journey from a shared starting point).

Combine artforms such as collage, painting and printmaking in mixed media projects

Sculpture

Work with a modelling material (clay or plasticine) to create quick 3d figurative sketches from life or imagination. Combine with developing visual literacy skills so that the 3d sketches explore how we read and communicate emotion and idea

Develop visual literacy skills and discover how context and intention can change the meaning of objects

Construct with a variety of materials (wool, string, twigs, found objects, paper etc.) exploring how to bring different media together, both technically and visually

Design

Develop design through making skills and collaborative working skills through fashion design. Explore paper and card manipulation skills to build 3d forms.

Extend into an exploration of fabric, deconstructing old clothes and reconstructing elements into new items

Investigate the nature and qualities of different materials and processes

Apply technical skills to improve quality of work, combined with beginning to listen and trust "instinct" to help make choices

Be excited by the potential to create and feel empowered to undertake their own exploration



Year 4 – Evaluating

By the end of Year 4 Children should be able to...

Evaluating

Teachers should:

Be aware of the importance of sensitively unearthing intention, which may not always be apparent in end result

Ensure
evaluation
activities take
place
throughout
projects, rather
than just at the
end, so that
they benefit
and shape the
creative
process

As a Class

Enjoy listening to other peoples views about artwork made by others.

Feel able to express and share an opinion about the artwork.

Think about why the work was made, as well as how.

In Small Groups

Share work to others in small groups, and listen to what they think about what you have made.

Make suggestions about other people's work, using things you have seen or experienced yourself.

Take photos of work made so that a record can be kept, to be added to a digital folder/presentation to capture progression. Use documenting the artwork as an opportunity for discussion about how to present work, and a chance for pupils to use digital media.

One to One

Talk to a peer or teacher about the artwork made and share what you have enjoyed during the process, and what you like about the end result. Discuss problems which came up and how they were solved. Think about what you might try next time.

Reflect regularly upon their work, throughout the creative process

Look to the work of others (pupils and artists) to identify how to feed their own work

Take photographs and videos and use digital media as a way to re-see work



Year 4 – Knowledge & Understanding

By the end of Year 4 Children should be able to...

Knowledge & Understanding

Teachers should:

Recognise that in art, a more valuable and relevant learning experience comes from underpinning technical and formal knowledge with an experiential understanding about what it is to be a creative human.

Formal

Each child should:

- Know the names of tools, techniques and formal elements (in pink above and below)
- Know about and describe some of the key ideas, techniques and working
 practices of a variety of artists, craftspeople, architects and designers from
 all cultures and times, for different purposes. Be able to know and describe
 the work of some artists, craftspeople, architects and designers, including
 artists who are contemporary, female, and from various ethnicities
- Be able to talk about the materials, techniques and processes they have used, using an appropriate vocabulary
- Be able to demonstrate how to safely use some of the tools and techniques they have chose to work with

Experiential

Each child should be given the opportunity to:

- Discover that art is subjective (we all have our own legitimate understanding)
- Experience the connection between brain, hand and eye
- Understand ideas can come through hands-on exploration
- Develop their knowledge of what different materials and techniques can offer the creative individual
- · Work at different scales, alone and in groups
- Feel safe enough to take creative risks and follow their intuition (fed with skills knowledge)
- Share their journey and outcomes with others. Feel celebrated and feel able to celebrate others



Assessment Questions

Teachers should consider assessment as a holistic practice, which takes place during every art lesson through conversation with pupils:

- Tell me about that you are making and what inspired you
- What might you do next?
- Tell me about the materials and techniques you are using
- What have you discovered?
- How do you feel about the end result?
- What kinds of problems did you encounter and how did you get round them?
- Tell me about things you really liked or enjoyed
- What would you like to explore more of?

Remember! "Creativity is a fragile process that is hard to measure and assess and should always be nurtured and supported"



Nursery to Year 4 – Artists to be covered as part of two year rolling programme

Nursery	Reception	Year 1 & 2	Year 3 & 4
Yayoi Kusama	 Queenie Mackenzie Van Gogh - Sunflowers Alma Woodsey Thomas Wassily Kandinsky Laura Lawson Nina Brooke 	 David Hockney Georgia O'Keefe David Best William Morris The Boyle Family Keith Haring Van Gogh – Starry Night Picasso Roy Lichtenstein Laura Lawson 	 Frida Kahlo Anselm Kiefer Salvador Dali Rembrandt Coco Chanel Andy Goldsworthy Bob & Roberta Smith Dale Chihuly Margaret Godfrey Ted Harrison Winslow Homer Shelley Schenker Stella McCartney Vivienne Westwood Sandra Sandor

These are planned artists however staff have the right to change at any point during the two year cycle, in consultation with colleagues, according to special events or children's interests.